

B.C. MOUNTAIN TRAIL ASSOCIATION

RULE BOOK 2021



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Rules 2021

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BCMATA 1

PURPOSE

Mountain Trail Competitions are designed to replicate the rugged outdoors with the purpose to showcase talented mountain trail horses, riders/handlers and trainers within a competitive environment. The Mountain Trail course consists of several obstacles that would be found on a regular trail ride, with some obstacles that are a step above regular trail riding. These obstacles are designed to push the limits of not only the horse, but the rider/handler as well. The obstacles are continually testing the boundaries of the unknown and the relationship that drives the horse forward into the unknown territory.

A Mountain Trail Horse is any breed or type of horse from any discipline or background. It is open to all equines. The word "Horse" is used for reference but also includes mules, donkeys, ponies and miniature horses.

BCMATA 2

WHAT IS A COMPETITION MOUNTAIN TRAIL HORSE?

A competition Mountain Trail horse is one that is being judged on its ability to handle natural and simulated terrain which may be encountered in today's world in an environment such as that which would be found on a trail ride, hunting trip, working ranch, or any other similar use of our horses. One could expect to encounter normal natural terrain such as steep inclines and declines, rocks, logs, trees, water and more. One could also find man-made objects such as bridges, tarps, tents, backpackers, bikers and other such items in our world today. In addition to these, a competition Mountain Trail horse may encounter "live" obstacles such as other horses, mules, donkeys, llamas, cattle, sheep and more.

While being judged, the competition Mountain Trail horse will be presented with specific tasks to be accomplished as part of the judging criteria. These tasks are designed to showcase the horse and rider/handler's ability to perform manoeuvres that may be encountered on a ride in today's world. These can include opening/closing gates, dragging a log or tree branch, carrying a tarp or backpack, putting on and taking off a slicker and many other such tasks.

The competition Mountain Trail horse may also be asked to exhibit certain manoeuvres to show it is willing to accept the rider/handler's guidance. These may include side-pass, haunch turns, forehand turns, gait changes, backing through obstacles and more.

A competition Mountain Trail horse should travel through and between obstacles exhibiting confidence and purpose. The horse should have an inquisitive, intent look that shows awareness of its surroundings and enjoyment of the job it is performing. It should have its head low enough to maintain the ability to see its path but not lose the awareness of the rest of its surroundings. Once over the obstacle, it should raise its head enough to be noting what is around it while not being distracted to the extent that it loses focus on what is under its feet and in its immediate surroundings. It should be able to accept guidance and instruction from its rider/handler, softly and willingly, with no signs of resistance or loss of focus on the task at hand. The rider/handler should be able to guide his/her horse with both hand and leg aids. The horse should be showing instant and willing response to the smallest signal from the rider/handler between and within obstacles and within any changes. The horse should show curiosity and a willingness to be guided, having confidence in the placement of its feet at all times. It should not only show the ability to take care of itself, but should also have an ability and awareness of taking care of its rider/handler. The horse should maintain its headset and body frame in its natural way of movement, according to its breed and conformation, yet will lower its head, as necessary, to look where it is going and to be drawn into and over obstacles in a quiet and safe manner.

BCMTA 3

DEFINITION FOR EQUINE/HORSE

In-Hand - There is no age limitation for the horse. May be shown in a halter or bridle.

Junior Horse – Is six years and under as of January 1st of the current year.

Senior Horse – Is seven years and over as of January 1st of the current year.

Green Horse – Any horse, any age. New to showing in BC Mountain Trail. May not cross enter in Amateur and/or Open Classes. (Contact the Show Producer for eligibility, if required.)

Novice Horse - May be ridden by **ANY rider**. Never to have won more than five firsts in the Mountain Trail Novice Horse Division.

Open Novice Horse – Not to have won a first in the Open Class. (This is an opportunity for Open Riders to show a Novice Horse.)

Open Horse – Open to all horses.

BCMTA 4

DEFINITION FOR RIDER/HANDLER & AGE

Youth - The minimum age is 10 years as of January 1st in that calendar year to a maximum age of 18 years as of December 31st in that calendar year. Youth can compete in all classes. However, in the Green and Back to Basics classes, should there be four or more youth competitors, they will be awarded separately. Youth will then be awarded points for youth and points for whichever class they were in (i.e. Green or Back to Basics).

Senior/Adult - Is 19 years and older.

Amateur Rider - Is an individual who engages in sport for pleasure only and does not receive payment for training, coaching, lessons, etc., in the horse industry.

Green Rider - Any age (10 and over). 1st year of showing in BC Mountain Trail. Never to have shown in Mountain Trail and/or Arena Trail classes at a sanctioned show. May not cross enter with Amateur and/or Open classes.

Novice Rider - Never to have won more than five firsts in the BC Mountain Trail Novice Rider Division. This does not apply to placings in the in-hand and/or youth classes.

Open Rider - This is defined as open to all riders.

Hors Concours (H/C) - Hors Concours (H/C) entries are not eligible for any awards.

- Hors Concours (H/C) entries may be accepted at the discretion of the Show Producer.
- These entries must pay the same entry fees and are subject to the same conditions which apply to regular entries.
- They compete in the classes in which they are entered as H/C and are judged and can receive a score but are not eligible for any awards in those classes.

Para Rider/Handler - Competitors with a physical disability may compete at BC Mountain Trail Competitions. Adaptive (compensating) aids can be used by riders/handlers to compensate for the physical or sensory limitation resulting from their impairment, thereby enabling them to ride/handle a horse. Para Riders/Handlers are responsible for advising the Show Producer(s) of any limitations they may have, any adaptive aids they are required to use, etc. The Show Producer(s) in turn will make every effort to accommodate the Para Rider/Handler and will also advise the Judge(s) of these riders/handlers accommodations.

BCMTA 5

SHOWS

All shows in the Mountain Trail Buckle Series must be sanctioned by the BCMTA (BC Mountain Trail Association).

The organizer(s) of these shows are referred to as the “Show Producer(s)”.

It is recommended that Show Producers use judges that have attended a BCMTA Judging Clinic. Should a Show Producer also be a Judge, it is strongly recommended that they do not judge at their own show.

NOTE: If you start the year in a class, you can finish the year in that class even if you meet the criteria during the year. This does not apply to placings in the in-hand and/or youth classes.

- 1) **Green In-Hand:** 8 to 12 obstacles. See Annex 1 for obstacles. First year of showing in Mountain Trail for horse or handler. **Note:** Handler may have shown one weekend (2 Shows) or two separate weekends of one day only in the previous year.
- 2) **Back to Basics:** 8 to 12 obstacles (entry level obstacles designed for new riders). Open to green and novice horses. May not cross enter in Amateur and/or Open classes.
- 3) **Green Horse:** Any horse, any age. New to showing in BC Mountain Trail. May not cross enter in Amateur and/or Open Classes. (Contact the Show Producer(s) for eligibility, if required.)
- 4) **Green Rider:** Any age. 1st year of showing in BC Mountain Trail. Never to have shown in Mountain Trail and/or Arena Trail classes at a sanctioned show. May not cross enter in Amateur and/or Open classes.
- 5) **Explorer Horse:** Never to have won a first in Mountain Trail, excluding in-hand classes. Will be using the same map as Back to Basics and will also include two additional obstacles with a higher level of difficulty.
- 6) **Mares In-Hand:** Mares of any age and handlers of any age. May be shown in a halter or bridle. See Annex 1 for obstacles.
- 7) **Geldings In-Hand:** Geldings of any age and handlers of any age. May be shown in a halter or bridle. See Annex 1 for obstacles.
- 8) **Novice Horse:** may be ridden by **ANY rider**. Never to have won more than five firsts in the Mountain Trail Novice Horse Division.
- 9) **Novice Rider:** Never to have won more than five firsts in the Mountain Trail Novice Rider Division. This does not apply to placings in the in-hand and/or youth classes.
- 10) **Open In-Hand:** No cross entry with Green and Back to Basic classes. This is a more technical course/pattern. The course will be the same course for the Amateur and Open classes.
- 11) **Open:** Open to all riders and/or horses. May not cross enter with Green and Back to Basic classes. Open classes are very technical and ask for advanced abilities of the horse/rider team throughout the course/pattern.
- 12) **Open Novice Horse:** Not to have won a first in an Open Class. (This is an opportunity for Open Riders to show a Novice Horse.)
- 13) **Amateur:** Is an individual who engages in sport for pleasure only and does not receive payment for training, coaching, lessons, etc., in the horse industry.

- 14) **Show Producer(s) Class:** Any extra class(es) may be added at the Show Producer's discretion.

BCMTA 7

CHAMPIONSHIPS

In order to compete at the yearend BCMTA Championships, competitors must meet the following criteria to qualify:

- Must have shown in at least four of the BC Mountain Trail Buckle Series shows by:
 - either competing at two full weekend sanctioned shows
 - or four individual days (of weekend sanctioned shows) throughout the year.

BCMTA 8

TACK AND ATTIRE

Tack and Attire should present a clean, well groomed appearance for both horse and rider.

A competitor, should they prefer, may use tack/equipment that is specific to their horse's breed.

TACK - Permitted Items:

- English, Western, Endurance, Australian, or breed-specific saddles are permitted (***no bareback pads***).
- English, Western, or breed-specific bridles, bosal, hackamore or bit-less bridles are acceptable (must be safe and acceptable by the Judge(s) and Show Producer(s)).
- Romel reins may be used with a shank bit (ONLY).
- Crops or whips are permitted. Use of these items may result in loss of points per obstacles as determined by the judge.
- Any tack or attire (item) the Head Judge determines to be a risk/safety/unacceptable factor will be removed or replaced in order to participate.
- Optional - splint boots, bandages, leg protection, etc.
- **Two hands** are allowed with any snaffle bit unless an obstacle warrants use of one hand; i.e. while negotiating an obstacle where the use of a hand is needed such as a gate, etc. Should a competitor use one hand only when negotiating an obstacle where there is no need, this may result in loss of points per obstacle as determined by the judge.

- **One handed** riding is required by a participant with any shank bit (and choice of rein, i.e. Romel, Mecate). *If a participant needs two hands to support the horse, he/she will be deducted a minimum of one (1) point, but the use of the two hands could result in a better overall score depending on the training level of the horse.*
- A halter and lead or a get down rope are allowed.

TACK - NOT PERMITTED/ALLOWED:

- tie downs
- martingales

ATTIRE – Permitted Attire:

- Although proper “show attire” is not required, riders should strive to present themselves as clean, well put together and safe (long hair should be neat and tidy, not hanging down straight, etc.).
- As Mountain Trail Challenges and/or Shows take place outdoors and weather conditions will be a factor, rain gear is permitted; however, it should be neat, clean and presentable. Come prepared for all possible weather conditions.
- **Western Participants** - suggested dress is a long-sleeved western style shirt and long pants without holes or tears. A cowboy hat or helmet and boots with a heel must be worn. Gloves, chaps and chinks are optional. Spurs are permitted - see below.
- **English Participants** - suggested dress is to wear either casual or more formal English attire such as: shirt/blouse or a polo shirt with a collar, tie/pin (optional), proper riding vest or jacket (optional); boots (tall or paddock boots with half chaps/gators) with a defined heel are required. Headwear should be appropriate for English riding. Helmets are recommended for all riders, but required for all youth participants. Gloves and chaps are optional. Spurs are permitted - see below.
- Western and English participants are welcome to "dress up" but scores will not reflect this.

- Spurs are acceptable; however, any aggressive use of spurs will result in the loss of a point(s) or, at the Judge's discretion, disqualification.

ATTIRE - NOT PERMITTED/ALLOWED:

- Ball Caps
- Hoodies
- Tank tops

BCMTA 8.1 FOOTWEAR

Heels are **required** on **all footwear** for safety reasons.

BCMTA 8.2 HEADGEAR

Protective headgear (i.e. helmet) is optional for adult competitors, but ***mandatory*** for youth competitors (18 years and under).

BCMTA 9 OBSTACLES

The varying terrain of the mountains allows the Mountain Trail Course Designers to come up with new, different and creative obstacles every day at a competition. (See Annex 1 for more detailed information on obstacles for competition.)

The horse/rider team will be asked to perform multiple tasks that range from traditional trail obstacles to manoeuvring/negotiating over hills, ditches, ponds, rocks and half logs. In addition, a horse/rider team may be asked to back out of obstacles, side pass over obstacles, complete pivots and move at various gaits. A rider may be asked to dismount, mount, drag or move obstacles, send the horse through obstacles while dismounted, etc.

1. **Leading/In-hand:** Leading/In-hand can be done with either a bridle or a halter and lead. The horse should lead willingly, not crowding or lagging which will result in a lower score.
2. **Mounting/Dismounting:** The rider may be asked to mount or dismount from either side. The rider should, while mounting and/or dismounting, maintain control at all times. The horse should stand quietly and securely. A mounting block will be provided.
3. **Hoof Check:** The horse should pick up a leg willingly and not move around.
4. **Gate:** The rider/handler may be asked to open a gate(s) from any direction, pulling or pushing. The rider/handler should have control of the gate at all times. The horse should follow direction from the rider/handler to stay close to the gate and minimize movement.
5. **Stop and Pause:** The rider/handler may be asked to stop and pause at any time in the pattern. The horse should stop quietly and stand without any anxious movement until the rider/handler is ready to move forward.
6. **Uphill/Downhill:** The rider/handler should maintain center of balance at all times to help the horse manipulate the obstacle.
7. **Water Crossing/Ponds:** The horse should enter water obstacles cautiously, continuing in a forward motion.
8. **Dragging/Pulling:** The rider/handler may hold the rope or dally but must never allow the rope to entangle the horse and/or rider/handler. The horse should stand quietly and not react to the rope or the object being pulled and/or dragged.
9. **Bridges:** The horse should approach the obstacle squarely and move over the bridge in a forward motion with cadence. Entering, crossing and exiting the bridge shall be on a straight path.
10. **Step Over:** The horse should move over without hitting the obstacle. Smaller horses or ponies will not be penalized for hopping taller step overs.
11. **Backing:** Is a backward motion that shall continue at a consistent pace without weaving side to side. The horse ***will be penalized*** for hitting the obstacle while backing.
12. **Side Passing:** The rider/handler may be asked to side pass the horse. The horse shall side pass keeping its body perpendicular to the obstacle without moving

forward and/or back. The horse ***will be penalized*** for hitting the obstacle while side passing.

13. **Ground Tie:** To dismount and tie the horse to the ground. Can use a get-down rope, drop a rein (*buckled reins must be untied*) or a halter and lead.

BCMTA 10

MANNER DEFINITIONS

Forward Motion: Throughout each pattern, a horse and rider/handler should continue in a forward motion unless the pattern asks for a stop and pause. The horse's pace should stay consistent and not change unless the rider/handler asks for a different gait or movement.

Balance: To smoothly negotiate an obstacle, horse and rider/handler must be balanced, both individually and as a team. The rider/handler shall maintain proper horsemanship at all times.

Horsemanship: The rider/handler's ability to perform and execute the presented challenges of the course with their horse. The rider/handler shall present poise and confidence while maintaining balance and fundamental body position, helping the horse to be properly aligned. Horse and rider/handler should perform each obstacle with subtle cues. The rider/handler shall refrain from instilling fear, jerking on the bit and excessive use of the crop or spurs. ***If such acts are performed, a rider/handler may be asked to exit the course which will result in elimination from that class.***

Control: The rider/handler must maintain control of the horse at all times, whether mounted or leading.

Rider Awareness: A rider/handler should be paying attention to the direction of the pattern, setting up the horse to approach each obstacle correctly and squarely. The rider/handler should evaluate each obstacle and proceed carefully with awareness.

Overall Awareness: The horse should respond to the rider/handler without any hesitation or resistance. The horse should have an alert, obedient and willing disposition. Gaits should be consistent and comfortable.

Pattern: It is important that a horse and rider/handler stay on course. Going off course/pattern ***will result in a score of zero for that obstacle.***

Judges should be on the grounds **45 minutes** before the start of a competition. This will allow enough time for a meeting with the Show Producers.

The judges are expected to have knowledge of all breeds and are instructed to judge each horse accordingly. Each judge is required to be consistent in their scoring for all horses, without playing favouritism to any specific breed.

The classes will be judged on the horse's ability to manoeuvre/negotiate over various obstacles, with attention to manners, response to the rider and the quality of movement. In addition, the rider/handler will be judged on HORSEMANSHIP while performing each obstacle.

A horse will receive credit for showing attentiveness to the negotiating of the obstacle and/or path, or if the path is not specified, the horse's ability to negotiate and pick their own path through the course. A horse will be rewarded with higher manoeuvre scores for performing gaits correctly with an alert attitude. While on the line of travel between obstacles, the horse shall be balanced, carrying his head and neck in a relaxed, NATURAL position. (Example: Stock breeds tend to carry the head and neck in a relaxed, natural position with the poll level even with, or slightly above the withers; Gaited breeds tend to carry head and neck high above the poll and withers.) The horse should approach each obstacle in a consistent forward motion. The horse should ACKNOWLEDGE each obstacle while keeping a forward motion and remain calm and confident with a willing attitude.

The judge is to dress professionally. This can be for any equestrian discipline.

You will be judged on your horse's approach to an obstacle, how accurately and willingly your horse manoeuvres through the obstacle and then how the horse departs from each obstacle.

Each rider/handler shall help the horse align their body as they approach each obstacle.

A rider/handler's horsemanship will be judged throughout the entire course.

B.C. Mountain Trail uses the 0 to 10 point scoring system, with the use of half points when necessary. The system is designed to be positive, encouraging and straight forward to the exhibitors.

A Score of:

- **"0"** - a zero will only be applied when an obstacle is not attempted, refusals (see refusals), or off course (see off course) resulting with a zero for only that obstacle.
- **"1 – 4"** – Major faults
- **"5 – 7"** – Average quality
- **"8 – 9"** – High quality
- **"10"** – Perfect. A perfect score on an obstacle is a 10 (no measurable mistakes). To earn a perfect score, the horse shall approach the obstacle squarely and in a straight manner. They should enter the path with confidence and attention. As they continue through the obstacle, they should move with caution and cadence with little to no guidance from the rider. They should exhibit forward motion while acknowledging and adjusting to each section of the obstacle. They must demonstrate a willing attitude, while carefully completing the obstacle with no measurable mistakes.

- **Minor deductions** may result from, but are not limited to: hitting or stepping on a log, plant or a component of an obstacle; incorrect or break of gait, step(s) taken while ground tying; approaching an obstacle off centered; loss of forward motion.
- **Average deductions** may result from, but are not limited to: dropping or letting go of the gate or object; hitting or stepping on a log; rushing; horse taking more than 3 steps at ground tie; tight reins; the use of 2 hands on a shank bit; disobedience; loss of focus; one-two step(s) off, or out of an obstacle.
- **Major deductions** may result from, but are not limited to: refusal(s), balk, crow hop, popping up or evading an obstacle; blatant disobedience (including kicking out, bucking, rearing, and striking) results in elimination; using hand to instill fear; misuse of tack (i.e. use of Romel to instill fear), missed pattern.

Note: These are only examples of point deductions. The judge is instructed to judge each obstacle at their own discretion. It is understood that not all horses are created equal and each score shall reflect this. Example: A miniature horse is not expected to step over a large log without hitting it or possibly jumping the log, just as, a draft horse may hit a component of the obstacles because it is too large to avoid it. Deductions in points shall not be reflected in these situations.

A refusal is defined as:

- Any action taken by the horse to avoid performing an obstacle, part of a combination of obstacles or portion of a trail course.
- These actions may include, but are not limited to the following: refusing, evading or completely passing an obstacle with all four feet; complete loss of the required gait (i.e. stopping); and any blatant action by the horse that demonstrates an unwillingness to approach, and/or negotiate an obstacle.
- Movement of the horse in a side to side and/or backwards motion is a refusal.

- **NOTE:** after 3 refusals at an obstacle, or 15 seconds of refusing at an obstacle, the judge will instruct the competitor to move to the next obstacle and the competitor will be given a score of zero for that obstacle.

BCMTA 14

OFF COURSE

A horse and rider/handler team will be considered off course if:

- They miss an obstacle directed by the course map and the judge.
- They negotiate obstacles in the wrong sequence. One of the two obstacles would still be judged. (i.e. obstacles 3 and 4 out of order – rider goes to obstacle 4 first. The Judge would then judge only obstacle 4 and would give a zero for obstacle 3.)
- They don't follow the correct line of travel, either in the drawn pattern or at the judges' instruction.

Off Course will result in a score of zero for that obstacle.

NOTE: if you present to an obstacle that you know you are not going to negotiate, this is not "off course". However, you will still receive a zero score.

BCMTA 15

ELIMINATIONS

Elimination means the exclusion from any further participation in the class in which the elimination occurs.

The elimination of a horse/rider combination shall occur under the following circumstances:

- 15.1** Use of illegal equipment.
- 15.2** Unauthorized assistance (i.e. calling out directions, etc.).
- 15.3** Dangerous/unruly behaviour of the horse (rearing, striking, kicking, etc.).
- 15.4** Lameness – Ground Jury's decision is final with no appeal.
- 15.5** Any abuse of the horse - Judge's decision is final with no appeal.

NOTE: The Ground Jury consists of the Show Producer(s) and Judge(s).

Disqualification means the action of removing a competitor and/or entry from any further participation for the duration of a competition.

The disqualification of a horse/rider combination shall occur under the following circumstances:

16.1 The judge(s) has the authority to dismiss any entry from the competition if he or she deems that entry is not under sufficient control.

These rules have been developed and/or partially adopted by the B.C. Mountain Trail Association with permission and support from the Oregon Horse Centre.

Annex 1:

Permitted Course Obstacles

<p><u>Classes:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Green In-Hand 2. Back to Basics 3. Green Horse 4. Green Rider 5. Explorer Horse 	<p><u>Classes:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. In-Hand Geldings 7. In-Hand Mares 8. Novice Horse 9. Novice Rider 	<p><u>Classes:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10. Open In-Hand 11. Open 12. Open Novice Horse 13. Amateur 14. Show Producer's Class
<p><u>Obstacles:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rocks/Sawbucks • Push Gates • Non Moving Bridges • Water (ponds, lakes, streams only) • Step Over • Slickers • Up and Down Hills • Backing – straight only • Side Pass • Carousel Turn • Cowboy Curtain • Tunnels – Forward only • Ground Tie • Pick up Feet • Mounting and/or Dismounting • Over bases with slight or ¼ turns only • Explorer Horse is the Green Course plus 2 additional more technical obstacles. <p><u>Number of Obstacles Recommended on Course:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 8-12 ○ 8-14 (Explorer Horse only) <p><u>Note:</u> You may be asked to start or end <u>any</u> pattern in hand.</p>	<p><u>Obstacles:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Class obstacles 1 to 5</u> plus • Mattress • Water box • Ditches • Flag or raising other obstacles over horse • Tunnel • Suspension Bridge • Rolling Bridge • Tipping Bridge • Straight Beams • Balance Beam • Jog/Trot • Over bases with up to a 180 degree turn only <p><u>Number of Obstacles Recommended on Course:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 10-14 <p><u>Note:</u> You may be asked to start or end <u>any</u> pattern in hand.</p>	<p><u>Obstacles:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <u>Class obstacles 1 to 9</u> plus • Water Box • Squish Box • Back in Ditches • Turn on Base (can be a 360 degree turn) • Back through gates and tunnels • Increased level of difficulty on all obstacles • Angle Beams • Dragging Obstacles • Can require a lope/canter <p><u>Number of Obstacles Recommended on Course:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ 10-16 <p><u>Note:</u> You may be asked to start or end <u>any</u> pattern in hand.</p>

Annex 2:

Non Permitted Course Obstacles

<p><u>Classes:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Green In-Hand 2. Back to Basics 3. Green Horse 4. Green Rider 5. Explorer Horse 	<p><u>Classes:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 6. In-Hand Geldings 7. In-Hand Mares 8. Novice Horse 9. Novice Rider 	<p><u>Classes:</u></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 10. Open In-Hand 11. Open 12. Open Novice Horse 13. Amateur 14. Show Producer's Class
<p><u>Obstacles:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Water boxes • Backing through gates in-hand • Complete turnaround(s) 	<p><u>Obstacles:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Squish boxes • Turn around in water boxes • Backing through gates in-hand • Backing on suspension bridges or moving bridges 	<p><u>Obstacles:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn around in water boxes • Backing through gates in-hand • Backing on suspension bridges or moving bridges



Hanging H Arena Mountain Trail Course, Chilliwack

Annex 3:

Recommendations for Course Obstacles/Design

Courses are divided into judging sections of which there are two or more judges, one for each section. When designing a course the following should be taken into consideration in order to keep the course and the show running smoothly.

Backing up should be limited to no more than one obstacle on the course for the entry type levels and limit the backing up to no more than one in each section for the more advanced levels.

Be sure to spread the more technical obstacle questions (such as; side passing, puzzles, time consuming obstacles, etc.) evenly throughout the course (don't load one side of the course with all the technical questions as this slows everything down).



Circle Creek Ranch – Sagewood Mountain Trail Park, Kamloops

Shumway Lake Equestrian Centre, Kamloops

